## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please CANCEL claims 1-8 without prejudice to or disclaimer of the recited subject matter.

Please ADD new claims 9-16, as follows. Please note that all claims currently pending in this application are reproduced below for the Examiner's convenience.

## 1-8. (Canceled)

9. (New) An exposure method for projecting, through a projection optical system, a predetermined pattern formed on a mask onto an object to be exposed, said exposure method comprising the steps of:

dividing an effective light source area for illuminating the mask into plural point light sources;

calculating a Zernike sensitivity coefficient that represents sensitivity of a change of image quality of the predetermined pattern to a change of a Zernike coefficient, when wave front aberration in the projection optical system is developed into a Zernike polynomial for all divided point light sources;

determining an effective light source distribution based on a combination of Zernike sensitivity coefficient of all the divided point light sources; and

forming the effective light source distribution by intensity of each point light source.

- 10. (New) An exposure method according to claim 9, wherein said calculating step repeats for a combination of all the plural point light sources and the Zernike coefficient.
- 11. (New) An exposure method according to claim 9, wherein said determining step determines the effective light source using a combination of the point light sources while changing intensity of the point light sources and maintaining image quality of the predetermined pattern.
- 12. (New) An exposure method according to claim 9, wherein the wave front aberration includes residual aberration in the projection optical system.
  - 13. (New) An exposure apparatus comprising:

a projection optical system for projecting a predetermined pattern formed on a mask onto an object to be exposed;

an illumination optical system for varying an effective light source distribution for illuminating the mask; and

a controller for forming the effective light source shape based on a combination of a Zernike sensitivity coefficient that represents sensitivity of a change of image quality of the predetermined pattern to a change of a Zernike coefficient, when wave front aberration in the projection optical system is developed into a Zernike polynomial for plural point light sources

that divide an effective light source area for illuminating the mask by intensity of each point light source.

14. (New) A database suitable for an exposure method for projecting, through a projection optical system, a predetermined pattern formed on a mask onto an object to be exposed, said database indicating a combination of a Zernike sensitivity coefficient that represents sensitivity of a change of image quality of the predetermined pattern to a change of a Zernike coefficient, when wave front aberration in the projection optical system is developed into a Zernike polynomial for plural point light sources that divide an effective light source area for illuminating the mask by intensity of each point light source.

15. (New) A program that enables a computer to execute an exposure method for projecting, through a projection optical system, a predetermined pattern formed on a mask onto an object to be exposed,

wherein said exposure method includes the steps of:

dividing an effective light source area for illuminating the mask into plural point light sources;

calculating a Zernike sensitivity coefficient that represents sensitivity of a change of image quality of the predetermined pattern to a change of a Zernike coefficient, when wave front aberration in the projection optical system is developed into a Zernike polynomial for all divided point light sources;

determining an effective light source distribution based on a combination of Zernike sensitivity coefficient of all divided point light sources; and

forming the effective light source distribution by intensity of each point light source.

- 16. (New) A device fabrication method comprising the steps of:

  exposing an object using an exposure apparatus; and

  performing a predetermined process for the object exposed,

  wherein the exposure apparatus includes:
- (i) a projection optical system for projecting a predetermined pattern formed on a mask onto an object to be exposed;
- (ii) an illumination optical system for varying an effective light source distribution for illuminating the mask; and
- (iii) a controller for forming the effective light source shape based on a combination of a Zernike sensitivity coefficient that represents sensitivity of a change of image quality of the predetermined pattern to a change of a Zernike coefficient, when wave front aberration in the projection optical system is developed into a Zernike polynomial for plural point light sources that divide an effective light source area for illuminating the mask by intensity of each point light source.